

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier	
Trade name or designation of the mixture	HYLOGRIP HY2143
Registration number	-
UFI:	K810-X01F-F00C-YAYQ
Synonyms	None.
SDS number	15
Issue date	15-March-2017
Version number	02
Revision date	22-March-2022
Supersedes date	15-March-2017
1.2. Relevant identified uses of t	he substance or mixture and uses advised against
Identified uses	Thread Locking Adhesive.
Uses advised against	None known.
1.3. Details of the supplier of the	e safety data sheet
Manufacturer:	Hylomar Ltd.
Address:	Hylo House, Cale Lane, New Springs,
	Wigan, Greater Manchester,
	UK, WN2 1JT
Telephone number:	+44(0)1942 617000
E-mail address:	info@hylomar.co.uk
Contact person:	Technical Department
1.4. Emergency telephone number	+1-760-476-3961 (US)
	Access code: 333544

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The mixture has been assessed and/or tested for its physical, health and environmental hazards and the following classification applies.

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as amended

Health hazards			
Skin corrosion/irritation		Category 2	H315 - Causes skin irritation.
Serious eye damage/eye	irritation	Category 2	H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
Skin sensitisation		Category 1	H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Environmental hazards			
Hazardous to the aquatic long-term aquatic hazard		Category 4	H413 - May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.
2.2. Label elements			
Label according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008	3 as amended	
Contains:	2'-Phenylacetohy	ydrazide, 2-Hydroxyethyl metha	crylate
Hazard pictograms			
Signal word	Warning		
Hazard statements			
H319 H315	Causes serious o Causes skin irrita	5	

H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H413	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	
P261	Avoid breathing vapours.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
Response	
P302 + P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P337 + P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
Storage	Not assigned.
Disposal	
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Supplemental information on the label	None.
2.3. Other hazards	This mixture does not contain substances assessed to be vPvB / PBT according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex XIII.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

General information

Chemical name		%	CAS-No. / EC No.	REACH Registration No.	Index No.	Notes
Ethoxylated bisphenol dimethacrylate	A	50 - 70	41637-38-1 609-946-4	01-2119980659-17-XXXX	-	
	Classification	: Aquatic Ch	ronic 4;H413			
Di-"isononyl" phthalate		10 - 30	28553-12-0 249-079-5	-	-	#
	Classification	: -				
2-Hydroxyethyl methac	crylate	1 - <10	868-77-9 212-782-2	01-2119490169-29-XXXX	607-124-00-X	
	Classification	: Skin Irrit. 2	;H315, Eye Irrit. 2;H3	319, Skin Sens. 1;H317		
Cumene hydroperoxide	Э	<1	80-15-9 201-254-7	01-2119475796-19-XXXX	617-002-00-8	
	Classification	4;H312, A		. 4;H302, Acute Tox. 2;H310 in Corr. 1B;H314, STOT RE		
2'-Phenylacetohydrazio	de	<0.2	114-83-0 204-055-3	-	-	
	Classification		3;H301, Skin Irrit. 2; FOT SE 3;H335	H315, Eye Irrit. 2;H319, Skin	Sens.	
Hydroquinone		<0.1	123-31-9 204-617-8	01-2119524016-51-XXXX	604-005-00-4	#
	Classification			;H318, Skin Sens. 1;H317, M H400(M=10), Aquatic Chroni		
ist of abbreviations and	symbols that	mav be use	d above			
#: This substance has M: M-factor	•	•				
composition comments				ight unless ingredient is a ga H-statements is displayed in		ations are ir
SECTION 4: First aid	measures					
General information		Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.				
	•			-		
.1. Description of first ai			o II - I - I - I - I - I - I - I - I - I	wantawaa dayyalan ay mayalat		
.1. Description of first aid Inhalation	Move	to fresh air.	Call a physician if sy	mptoms develop or persist.		

Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.
4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
SECTION 5: Firefighting n	neasures
General fire hazards	Will burn if involved in a fire.
5.1. Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture	During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
5.3. Advice for firefighters	
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Special fire fighting procedures	Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist/vapours. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.
For emergency responders	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up.
6.2. Environmental precautions	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.
6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up	Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Absorb spill with vermiculite or other inert material, then place in a container for chemical waste for proper disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.
	Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.
	Never return spills in original containers for re-use.
6.4. Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
SECTION 7: Handling and	storage

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling	Avoid breathing mist/vapours. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Persons susceptible to allergic reactions should not handle this product. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash thoroughly after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Keep away from heat, spark, open flames and other sources of ignition. Store away from incompatible materials. Store in tightly closed container.
7.3. Specific end use(s)	Thread Locking Adhesive.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

UK. EH40 Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs)				
Components	Туре	Value		
Di-"isononyl" phthalate (CAS 28553-12-0)	TWA	5 mg/m3		

Components		Туре	Value	
Hydroquinone (CAS 123-31-9)		TWA	0.5 mg/m3	
logical limit values	No biologica	al exposure limits noted for t	ne ingredient(s).	
commended monitoring cedures	Follow stan	dard monitoring procedures.		
ived no effect levels (DNEL	.s)			
General Population				
Components		Value	Assessment factor	Notes
2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate	e (CAS 868-77-	9)		
Long-term, Systemic, D	ermal	0.83 mg/kg bw/day	120	Repeated dose toxicity
Long-term, Systemic, Ir		2.9 mg/m3	30	Repeated dose toxicity
Long-term, Systemic, C		0.83 mg/kg bw/day	120	Repeated dose toxicity
Ethoxylated bisphenol A dim				
Long-term, Systemic, D Long-term, Systemic, Ir		50 mg/kg bw/day 17.4 mg/m3	200 50	Repeated dose toxicity Repeated dose toxicity
Long-term, Systemic, I		5 mg/kg bw/day	200	Repeated dose toxicity
Hydroquinone (CAS 123-31				
Long-term, Systemic, D		1.66 mg/kg bw/day	90	Carcinogenicity
Long-term, Systemic, Ir		1.05 mg/m3	25	Carcinogenicity
Long-term, Systemic, C	Dral	0.6 mg/kg bw/day	25	Carcinogenicity
<u>Workers</u>				
Components		Value	Assessment factor	Notes
2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate	e (CAS 868-77-	9)		
Long-term, Systemic, D		1.3 mg/kg bw/day	72	Repeated dose toxicity
Long-term, Systemic, Ir		4.9 mg/m3	18	Repeated dose toxicity
Cumene hydroperoxide (CA			5.05	
Long-term, Systemic, Ir		6 mg/m3	5.25	Repeated dose toxicity
Ethoxylated bisphenol A dim			100	Demoste di de se terrisite
Long-term, Systemic, D Long-term, Systemic, Ir		140 mg/kg bw/day 98.7 mg/m3	100 25	Repeated dose toxicity Repeated dose toxicity
Hydroquinone (CAS 123-31		56.7 mg/m6	20	Repeated dose toxicity
Long-term, Systemic, D	,	3.33 mg/kg bw/day	45	Carcinogenicity
Long-term, Systemic, Ir		2.1 mg/m3	12.5	Carcinogenicity
dicted no effect concentrat	ions (PNECs)	C C		• •
Components		Value	Assessment factor	Notes
2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate	e (CAS 868-77-			
Freshwater		0.482 mg/l	50	
Intermittent releases		1 mg/l		
Marine water		0.482 mg/l	50	
Sediment (freshwater) Sediment (marine wate	r)	3.79 mg/kg 3.79 mg/kg		
Soil	')	0.476 mg/kg		
STP		10 mg/l	10	
Cumene hydroperoxide (CA	S 80-15-9)			
Freshwater		0.003 mg/l	1000	
Intermittent releases		0.031 mg/l	100	
Marine water		0 mg/l	10000	
Sediment (freshwater) Sediment (marine wate	r)	0.023 mg/kg 0.002 mg/kg		
Soil	- /	0.002 mg/kg		
STP		0.35 mg/l	1	
Hydroquinone (CAS 123-31	-9)			
Freshwater		0.57 µg/l	10	
Marine water		0.057 µg/l	100	
Sediment (freshwater) Sediment (marine wate	r)	4.9 μg/kg 0.49 μg/kg		
Soil	'/	0.64 µg/kg		
STP		0.71 mg/l	100	

HYLOGRIP HY2143

8.2. Exposure controls	
Appropriate engineering controls	Provide adequate ventilation. Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Observe occupational exposure limits and minimise the risk of exposure.
Individual protection measures, s	such as personal protective equipment
General information	Personal protective equipment should be chosen according to the CEN standards and in discussion with the supplier of the personal protective equipment.
Eye/face protection	Wear approved safety glasses or goggles. Eye protection should meet standard EN 166.
Skin protection	
- Hand protection	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Nitrile or neoprene gloves are recommended. Be aware that the liquid may penetrate the gloves. Frequent change is advisable. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.
- Other	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.
Respiratory protection	In case of inadequate ventilation or risk of inhalation of vapours, use suitable respiratory equipment with combination filter (type A2/P2).
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
Hygiene measures	Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. Fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment may be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Appearance				
Physical state	Liquid.			
Form	Liquid.			
Colour	Dark blue.			
Odour	Ester-like.			
Odour threshold	Not determined.			
рН	Not determined.			
Melting point/freezing point	Not determined.			
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not determined.			
Flash point	102 °C (215.6 °F)			
Evaporation rate	Not determined.			
Flammability (solid, gas)	Will burn if involved in a fire.			
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits				
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not determined.			
Explosive limit – upper (%)	Not determined.			
Vapour pressure	> 0.1 kPa (25 °C)			
Vapour density	> 1 (Air = 1)			
Relative density	1.05 (25 °C) (Water = 1)			
Solubility(ies)				
Solubility (water)	Slightly soluble in water.			
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not applicable, product is a mixture.			
Auto-ignition temperature	Not determined.			
Decomposition temperature	Not determined.			
Viscosity	3000 mPa⋅s (25 °C)			
Explosive properties	Not explosive.			
Oxidising properties	Not oxidising.			

9.2. Other information	
Explosive limit	Not applicable.
Kinematic viscosity	Not determined.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity	The product is stable and non reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
10.2. Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	Contact with incompatible materials.
10.5. Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizers, strong acids, and strong bases. Reducing Agents. Metals. Metal salts. Radical initiators.
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products	Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or vapours.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

General information

Occupational exposure to the substance or mixture may cause adverse effects.

Information on likely routes of e	exposure
Inhalation	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Ingestion	May cause discomfort if swallowed. However, ingestion is not likely to be a primary route of occupational exposure.
Symptoms	Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity		
Components	Species	Test Results
2-Hydroxyethyl methacryla	ate (CAS 868-77-9)	
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg, 24 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	5564 mg/kg
Cumene hydroperoxide (C	AS 80-15-9)	
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
Liquid		
LD50	Rabbit	134 mg/kg
Inhalation		
Vapour		
LC50	Rat	1.37 mg/l, 7 hours
Oral		
Liquid		"
LD50	Rat	382 mg/kg
	imethacrylate (CAS 41637-38-1)	
Acute		
Dermal	Det	0000
LD50	Rat	> 2000 mg/kg
Oral	5.4	2000 //
LD50	Rat	> 2000 mg/kg
Hydroquinone (CAS 123-3	31-9)	
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours

Components	Species	Test Results
Oral		
LD50	Rat	367 mg/kg
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye irritat	ion.
Respiratory sensitisation	Based on available data,	the classification criteria are not met.
Skin sensitisation	May cause an allergic ski	n reaction.
Germ cell mutagenicity	Based on available data,	the classification criteria are not met.
Carcinogenicity	Based on available data,	the classification criteria are not met.
IARC Monographs. Overall	Evaluation of Carcinogeni	city
Hydroquinone (CAS 123-	-31-9)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.
Reproductive toxicity	Based on available data,	the classification criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Based on available data,	the classification criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Based on available data,	the classification criteria are not met.
Aspiration hazard	Due to the physical form of	of the product it is not expected to be an aspiration hazard.
Mixture versus substance information	No information available.	
Other information	Symptoms may be delaye	d.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity	May cause	e long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.	
Components		Species	Test Results
2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate	(CAS 868-77-9)		
Aquatic			
Acute			
Algae	EC50	Selenastrum capricornutum (new name Pseudokirchnerella subca	836 mg/l, 72 hours
Crustacea	LC50	Daphnia magna	380 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Orange-red killifish	> 100 mg/l, 96 hours
Chronic			
Algae	NOEC	Selenastrum capricornutum (new name Pseudokirchnerella subca	400 mg/l, 72 hours
Crustacea	NOEC	Daphnia magna	24.1 mg/l, 21 days
Cumene hydroperoxide (CAS	S 80-15-9)		
Aquatic			
Acute			
Algae	ErC50	Desmodesmus subspicatus	3.1 mg/l, 72 hours
Chronic			
Algae	NOEC	Desmodesmus subspicatus	1 mg/l, 72 hours
-lydroquinone (CAS 123-31-	9)		
Aquatic			
Algae	ErC50	Algae	0.33 mg/l, 72 hours
	NOEC	Algae	0.019 mg/l, 72 hours
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	0.134 mg/l, 48 hours
	NOEC	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	0.0057 mg/l, 21 days
Fish	LC50	Fish	0.638 mg/l, 96 hours
12.2. Persistence and degradability	No data is	available on the degradability of this product.	
12.3. Bioaccumulative pote	ential No da	ta available.	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log Kow)			
2-Hydroxyethyl methacr		7-9) 0.47	
Hydroquinone (CAS 123	8-31-9)	0.59	

Bioconcentration factor (BCF)	Not available.
12.4. Mobility in soil	The product is slightly soluble in water. Expected to be slightly to moderately mobile in soil.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	This mixture does not contain substances assessed to be vPvB / PBT according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex XIII.
12.6. Other adverse effects	Not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Residual waste	Dispose in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
EU waste code	08 04 09* The Waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
Disposal methods/information	Do not discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport information

ADR

14.1. - 14.6.: Not regulated as dangerous goods.

RID

14.1. - 14.6.: Not regulated as dangerous goods.

ADN

14.1. - 14.6.: Not regulated as dangerous goods.

ΙΑΤΑ

14.1. - 14.6.: Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IMDG

14.1. - 14.6.: Not regulated as dangerous goods.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Retained direct EU regulations

- Regulation (EC) No. 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer, Annex I and II, as amended Not listed.
- Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 On persistent organic pollutants (recast), as amended

Not applicable.

- Not listed.
- Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 1 as amended Not listed.
- Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 2 as amended Not listed.
- Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 3 as amended Not listed.
- Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex V as amended Not listed.
- Regulation (EC) No. 166/2006 Annex II Pollutant Release and Transfer Registry, as amended Not listed.
- Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Article 59(10) Candidate List as currently published by ECHA Not listed.

Authorisations

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Annex XIV Substances subject to authorisation, as amended Not listed.

Restrictions on use

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Annex XVII Substances subject to restriction on marketing and use as amended Cumene hydroperoxide (CAS 80-15-9)

Di-"isononyl" phthalate (CAS 28553-12-0)

Other EU regulations

Directive 2012/18/EU on major accident hazards involving dangerous substances, as amended

Not listed.

Other regulations

This Safety Data Sheet is compiled in accordance with REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758.

This product is classified and labelled in accordance with the retained CLP Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008, as amended for Great Britain.

Use of this product by young persons under the age of 18 is not allowed in accordance with the Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999 [SI 1999/3242], as amended.

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

Follow the requirements of the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 [SI 2002/2677], as amended, when using this material.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

SECTION 16: Other information

List of abbreviations

	ADN: European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways.
	ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.
	CAS: Chemical Abstract Service.
	CEN: European Committee for Standardization.
	DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level.
	EC50: Effective Concentration, 50%.
	IATA: International Air Transport Association. IBC Code: International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying Dangerous
	Chemicals in Bulk.
	IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.
	LC50: Lethal Concentration, 50%.
	LD50: Lethal Dose, 50%.
	MARPOL: International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships.
	PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic. PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration.
	RID: Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
	STP: Sewage treatment plant.
	TWA: Time weighted average.
	vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative.
References	ECHA CHEM
Information on evaluation	The classification for health and environmental hazards is derived by a combination of calculation
method leading to the	methods and test data, if available. The mixture is classified based on test data for physical hazards. The classification for health and environmental hazards is derived by a combination of
classification of mixture	calculation methods and test data, if available. For details, refer to Sections 9, 11 and 12.
Full text of any H-statements	
not written out in full under	
Sections 2 to 15	H242 Heating may cause a fire.
	H301 Toxic if swallowed.
	H301 Toxic if swallowed. H302 Harmful if swallowed.
	H301 Toxic if swallowed. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H310 Fatal in contact with skin.
	H301 Toxic if swallowed. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H310 Fatal in contact with skin. H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
	H301 Toxic if swallowed. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H310 Fatal in contact with skin. H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
	H301 Toxic if swallowed. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H310 Fatal in contact with skin. H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
	 H301 Toxic if swallowed. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H310 Fatal in contact with skin. H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage.
	 H301 Toxic if swallowed. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H310 Fatal in contact with skin. H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
	 H301 Toxic if swallowed. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H310 Fatal in contact with skin. H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H331 Toxic if inhaled.
	 H301 Toxic if swallowed. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H310 Fatal in contact with skin. H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H331 Toxic if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
	 H301 Toxic if swallowed. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H310 Fatal in contact with skin. H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H331 Toxic if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.
	 H301 Toxic if swallowed. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H310 Fatal in contact with skin. H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H331 Toxic if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
	 H301 Toxic if swallowed. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H310 Fatal in contact with skin. H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H331 Toxic if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
	 H301 Toxic if swallowed. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H310 Fatal in contact with skin. H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H313 Toxic if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
	 H301 Toxic if swallowed. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H310 Fatal in contact with skin. H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H331 Toxic if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Sections 2 to 15	 H301 Toxic if swallowed. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H310 Fatal in contact with skin. H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H331 Toxic if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.
	 H301 Toxic if swallowed. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H310 Fatal in contact with skin. H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H331 Toxic if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Hylomar Ltd. cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.